MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India				
Indicator	**Year 1990 Actual/est. value**	**MDG target 2015**	**Likely achievement 2015**	**Latest status**
GOAL 1: ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER **TARGET 1: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than one dollar a day** **On -track**				
Proportion of population below poverty line (%)[19]	47.8	23.9	20.74	21.92 (2011-12)
Poverty Gap Ratio — Rural	No base year targets			5.05 (2011-12)
Poverty Gap Ratio — Urban				2.7 (2011-12)
Share of poorest quintile in national consumption (MRP method) — Rural	No base year targets			9.76 (2009-10)
Share of poorest quintile in national consumption (MRP method) — Urban				7.11 (2009-10)
TARGET 2: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger **Slow or almost off-track**				
Proportion of under-weight children below 3 years (%)	52	26	33	40 (2005-06)
MDG 2: ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION **TARGET 3: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling**				

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[19] Based on revised Poverty Head Count Ratio provided by Tendulkar Committee to review the methodology for estimation of poverty.

MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India				
Indicator	**Year 1990** **Actual/est.** **value**	**MDG** **target** **2015**	**Likely** **achievement** **2015**	**Latest status**
				On-track
Net Enrolment Ratio in primary grade (%)	77	100.0	100	99.89 (2010-11)
Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach grade 5	Absolute targets for 2015	100		86.05 (2011-12)
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds	61	100.0	100	86 (2007-08)
MDG 3: PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER WOMEN **TARGET 4 : Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015** **On-track**				
Ratio of girls to boys in primary education **(Gender Parity Index of GER)**	0.73	1.00	1	1.01 (2010-11)
Ratio of girls to boys in secondary education **(Gender Parity Index of GER)**	0.60 (1991)	1.00		0.88 (2010-11)
Ratio of girls to boys in tertiary education **(Gender Parity Index of GER)**	0.54 (1991)	1.00		0.86 (2010-11)
Female: Male literacy rate of 15-24 year olds	0.67 (1991)	1.00	1	0.88 (2007-08)
Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector (%)	12.7	50	23.1	19.3 (2011-12)
Proportion of seats held by women	Absolute targets for	50		11.46

MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India				
Indicator	**Year 1990** **Actual/est.** **value**	**MDG** **target** **2015**	**Likely** **achievement** **2015**	**Latest status**
in national parliament (%)	2015			(2013)
MDG 4: REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY *TARGET 5 :* **Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the Under- Five Morality Rate** **Moderately on – track due to the sharp decline in recent years**				
Under five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	126	42	50	52 (2012)
Infant Mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	80	27	41	42 (2012)
Proportion of 1 year-old children immunized against measles Proportion of 1 year-old children immunized against measles	42.2	100	89	74.1 (2009)
MDG5 5: IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH **TARGET 6 : Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio** **Slow or off-track**				
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	437	109	139	178 (2010-12)
Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	33	100	62	52 (2007-08)
MDG 6: COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA AND OTHER DISEASES **TARGET 7 : Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS** **On-track as trend reversal in HIV prevalence has achieved**				
HIV Prevalence among pregnant women aged 15-24 years (%)	Target is trend reversal	-		0.39 (2010-11)

MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India

Indicator	Year 1990 Actual/est. value	MDG target 2015	Likely achievement 2015	Latest status
Condom use rate of the contraceptive prevalence rate[20] (%)	and not based on base year value			5.2 (2005-06)
Condom use at last high-risk sex[21](%)				74 (2010)
Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS				32.9 (2006)
TARGET 8: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases Moderately on-track as trend reversal has achieved for Annual Parasite Incidence of Malaria and for prevalence of TB				
Annual parasite incidence (API) rate (Malaria)	2.57	-		0.88 (2012 p)
Prevalence of TB (including HIV) per 100,000 population	338	-		249 (2011)
Proportion of population in Malaria risk areas using effective Malaria prevention and treatment measures			Data not available	
Deaths due to TB per 100,000 population	43	-		24 (2011)
MDG 7: ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY *TARGET 9:* Integrate the principle of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources. Moderately on-track				

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[20] Condom use rate of the contraceptive prevalence rate is Condom use to overall contraceptive use among currently married women,15-49 years, percent.
[21] Condom use at last high risk sex is Condom use rate among non regular sex partners 15-24 years

MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India

Indicator		Year 1990 Actual/est. value	MDG target 2015	Likely achievement 2015	Latest status
Area covered under forests as percentage of geographical area		Target is trend reversal and not based on base year value	-		21.05 (2011)
Ratio of area protected to maintain biological diversity to surface area (%)					5.06 (2013)
Energy use per GDP (Rupee)					0.1453 KWH (2011-12)
Carbon dioxide emissions per capita					1.41 MT (2013)
Consumption of ozone-depleting CFCs (ODP tons)					998.5 (2007)
Proportion of population using solid fuels (%)					67.3 (2011)
TARGET 10: Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation On-track for the indicator of drinking water, but slow for the indicator of Sanitation					
Households with sustainable access to an improved water source, (%)	Urban	87.12	93.56	97.5	95.3 (2012)
	Rural	58.94	79.47	96.3	88.5 (2012)
Households without access to sanitation (%)	Urban	24.1	15.84	12.14	8.8 (2012)
	Rural	87.1	46.64	61.11	59.4 (2012)
TARGET 11: By 2020, to have achieved a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million					

MDGs and Targets –Summary of Progress achieved by India				
Indicator	Year 1990 Actual/est. value	MDG target 2015	Likely achievement 2015	Latest status
slum dwellers **The pattern not statistically discernible**				
Slum population as percentage of urban population				17.36% (2011)
MDG 8: DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT TARGET 18 : In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications **On-track**				
Telephone per 100 population		-		73.5 (2013)
Internet subscribers per 100 Population	(accessing internet only through wireline broadband connection)	Target is increasing trend and not based on base year value			1.2 (2013)
	Including wireless				13.5 (2013)
Personal computers per 100 population					Data not available

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