

# Unsustainably clean

The CSE survey found that these cities have managed to remain clean, but only by sweeping their garbage under the carpet. Dumping waste in landfills is not a solution. These cities must learn to process waste

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**GANGTOK**

## PROBLEM

No segregation, treatment of waste. Mountainous terrain and extreme weather make collection of waste difficult

## INITIATIVES

City is planning to work with non-profits to improve segregation of waste at source

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**AGARTALA**

## PROBLEM

The city's population doubled during 2001-2011. No plan to deal with the proportionate rise in waste generated

## INITIATIVES

The municipal corporation claims 100 per cent collection, but CSE found that waste dumping was common throughout the city

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**SHIMLA**

## PROBLEM

Waste treatment facilities have been a failure

## INITIATIVES

85 per cent door-to-door collection

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**BENGALURU**

## PROBLEM

Plans to improve solid waste management have not worked. There is a need to reduce dependence on landfills and use new waste management technologies

## INITIATIVES

30 per cent waste is segregated at source. However, it gets mixed during transportation to landfills

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**CHANDIGARH**

## PROBLEM

No segregation at source. Poor municipal infrastructure

## INITIATIVES

Municipality claims it has a good collection system, but transport and treatment facilities are poor. The city looks clean, though

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**DELHI**

## PROBLEM

The city is sitting on a garbage dump, with extremely poor collection, transport, treatment and disposal system

## ACHIEVEMENT

A few small-scale initiatives to encourage decentralised solid waste management