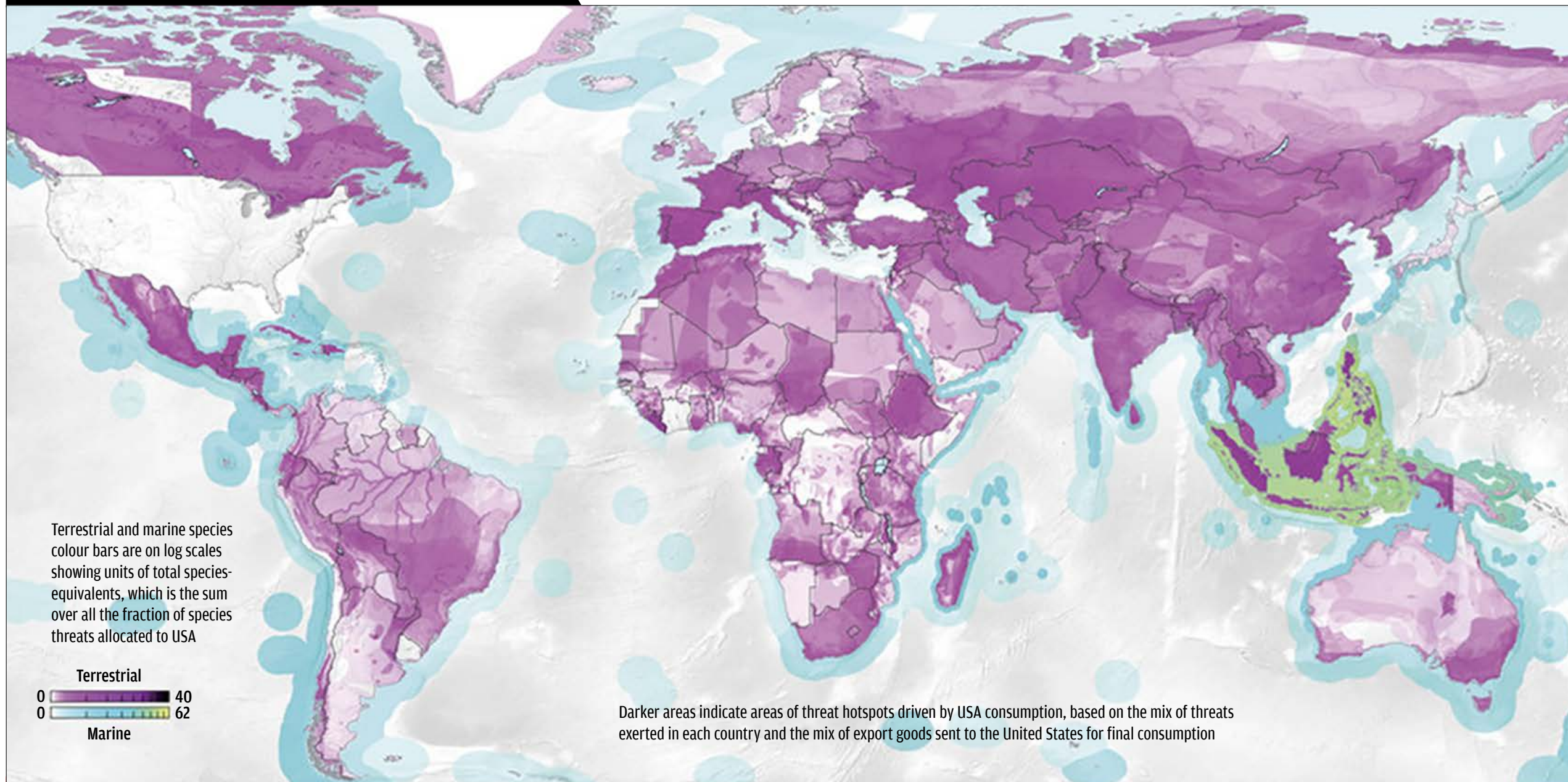


# USA v World species

While the world's species pay the price for USA's extravagant consumption patterns, biodiversity in the country remains largely safe



## How bad is the impact

**\$19 trillion**

US GDP in 2016 which is about as large as the next three-largest economies in the world – China, Japan and Germany – combined (World Economic Outlook, IMF)

**6,800 species**

vulnerable, endangered, or critically endangered marine and terrestrial animals by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and BirdLife International

**29 countries**

Major hotspots spread across Southeast Asia, Africa, southern Europe, Mexico, Central America and Central Asia and Canada

## Why the world should worry

**25%**

Species lost globally in the past 500 years, according to a [recent research](#) in the journal *Science*

**90%**

Of the \$6 billion of annual conservation funding is put to use in developed countries far away from the most endangered locations

**53.1%**

The known [extent of occurrence \(EOO\)](#) of threatened species to be covered under [Aichi targets](#)